FORM PTO-1390 U.S. DE	PARTMENT OF COMMERCI PAYENT A ID TRADEMARK OFFICE					
1-78)		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER				
TRANSMITTAL LETTER	459-479P					
DESIGNATED/ELECTE CONCERNING A FILING	U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5)					
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE	U9/640EX29				
	INTERCONAL FILING DATE	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED				
PCT/DK99/00165 TITLE OF INVENTION	March 24, 1999	March 25, 1998				
A METHOD FOR SELECTIVELY GENE	RATING A FLOW OF GAS FROM AN	ec'd PCT/PTC 25 SEP 2000				
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US	The state of the s	THE END OF A TOBULAR BODY, *				
Applicant herewith submits to the United States	REIPUR, John	Q E				
		wing items and other information:				
1. This is a FIRST submission of items conce		SEP 2 5 2000 E				
	omission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.	U. 3/1.				
3. This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(f) and DCT A (11 and DCT A (1						
examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 3 FM & TRADE 4. A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19 th month from the earliest claimed priority date						
5. A copy of the International Application	as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))	one from the earnest claimed priority date				
	d only if not transmitted by the International B	Sureau). WO 99/48613				
b. has been transmitted by the Inte	ernational Bureau.					
c. is not required, as the application	on was filed in the United States Receiving Off	ice (RO/US).				
6 A translation of the International Appl	ication into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).					
	national Application under PCT Article 19 (35	1 2 3 22				
a. are transmitted herewith (requir	ed only if not transmitted by the International	Bureau).				
b. have been transmitted by the In						
c. have not been made; however, t	he time limit for making such amendments has	s NOT expired.				
d. Mave not been made and will no						
9 ₂ An oath or declaration of the inventor	e claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371)	(c)(3)).				
	ernational Preliminary Examination Report un	der PCT Article 26				
(35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).	contactional Frommary Examination Report un-	dei FCT Article 30				
Items 11. to 16. below concern document(s)	or information included.					
(本語) (本語)						
	under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.981449 and Interna-	ational Search Report PCT/ISA/210) w/ 1				
rēfērence						
12. An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.						
	2 1					
13. A FIRST preliminary amendment.						
A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.						
14 A substitute specification						
14. A substitute specification.						
15. A change of power of attorney and/or	address letter.					
	•					
16. Other items or information:	tion Donort (DCT/IDE A (400)					
 International Preliminary Examina) PCT Request (PCT/RO/101) 	,					
3.) Two (2) sheets of Formal Drawing	s					

Acamount		There have	53	4 Rec'd P	Ω	PTO 25 C	ED 2000
09/16	46929	INTERNA	FIONAL APPLICATION NO PCT/DK99/0016	5			159-479P
17. The following fees BASIC NATIONAL F Neither international pr nor international search and International Search	TEE (37 CFR 1.492(a) reliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)	1 fee (37 (2)) pai	d to USPTO	\$970.00	CA	LCULATIONS —	PTO USE ONLY
International prelimina USPTO but Internation				\$840.00			
			482) not paid to USPTO d to USPTO	\$690.00			
International prelimina but all claims did not s			482) paid to USPTO le 33(1)-(4)	\$670.00			
International prelimina and all claims satisfied ENTER API	provisions of PCT Ar	ticle 33(\$96.00	\$	840.00	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for months from the earlies	t claimed priority date	(37 CF)	R 1.492(e)).	⊠ 30	\$	130.00	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILE	D	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	L		
Total Claims	23 - 20 =		3	X \$18.00	\$	54.00	
Independent Claims	2 - 3 =		0	X \$78.00	\$	0	
MULTIPLE DEPENDI	ENT CLAIM(S) (if ap	plicable)	None	+ \$260.00	\$	0	
213	TO	TAL (OF ABOVE CALCULA	TIONS =	\$	1024.00	
Reduction of ½ for filir must also be filed (Note	ng by small entity, if a	plicable	e. Verified Small Entity sta		\$	0	
2,3,8			SUB'	TOTAL =	\$	1024.00	
rocessing fee of \$130.			-	20 <u>30</u>	\$	0	
			TOTAL NATION.	AL FEE =	\$	1024.00	
			.21(h)). The assignment m 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per pro		\$	0	
# a500 # 2500			TOTAL FEES ENC	CLOSED =	\$	1024.00	
Salaring						Amount to be: refunded	\$
# 12/1 ²					<u> </u>	charged	\$
☐ Please charge m)	he above fees is enclosed in the amount of \$	to c	over 1	the above fees.	
	ner is hereby authorize Deposit Account No.		rge any additional fees whi 3.	ch may be rec	quired	l, or credit any	
NOTE: Where an : .137(a) or (b)) mus	appropriate time lim st be filed and grante	it under d to res	37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 hatore the application to per	as not been n nding status.	ıet, a	petition to revi	ve (37 CFR
nd all correspondence to irch, Stewart, Kol: O. Box 747 ills Church, VA 2 03)205-8000	asch & Birch, LLP	or Custo	omer No. 2292	SIGNATION OF THE NAME OF THE N	1	LOUB NO, JOHN A.	<u></u>
				#35,094		<u>C)</u> i number	

eptmeber 25, 2000

534 Rec'd PCT/PTO 25 SEP 2000 459-479P

IN THE U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant:

John Reipur

Appl. No.:

New

Group:

Unassigned

Filed:

September 25, 2000

Examiner: Unassigned

For:

A METHOD FOR SELECTIVELY GENERATING A

FLOW OF GAS FROM AN OPEN END OF A

TUBULAR BODY, SUCH AS A HOSE

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

The following preliminary amendments and remarks are respectfully submitted in connection with the above-identified application.

AMENDMENTS

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the specification as follows:

Before line 1, insert -- This application is the national phase under 35 U.S.C. § 371 of PCT International Application No. PCT/DK99/00165 which has an International filing date of March 24, 1999, which designated the United States of America.--

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 3. (Amended)

Line 1, delete "or 2"

Claim 5. (Amended)

A method according to [any of the claims 1-4] <u>claim 1</u>, wherein liquid is selectively introduced into the open first end part of the tubular body forming a nozzle.

Claim 10. (Amended)

Line 1, delete "or 9".

Claim 13. (Amended)

Line 1, delete "claims 11 or 12" and insert --claim 11--.

Claim 14. (Amended)

An apparatus according to [any of the claims 8-13] <u>claim 8</u>, further comprising a liquid delivery tube opening into the first end part of the tubular body, and means for selectively delivering liquid into the first end part of the tubular body via the delivery tube.

Claim 16. (Amended)

Line 1, delete "or 15".

Claim 17. (Amended)

An apparatus according to [any of the claims 8-16] <u>claim 8</u>, wherein the tubular body is in the form of a hose of a resilient material.

Claim 18. (Amended)

An apparatus according to [any of the claims 8-17] <u>claim 8</u>, wherein the electric motor is a brushless DC-motor.

Claim 19. (Amended)

An apparatus according to [any of the claims 8-18] <u>claim 8</u>, wherein the piston compressor comprises a crank shaft comprising crank sections interconnected with said pistons, adjacent crank sections being flexibly interconnected by a flexible coupling device.

Claim 23. (Amended)

An apparatus according to [any of the claims 20-22] <u>claim 20</u>, wherein a free end of the thread or wire extends transversely into at least one of said opposite ends of the tubular member and is received in a slot or recess formed in the corresponding shaft end.

PCT/DK99/00165

A method for selectively generating a flow of gas from an open end of a tubula such as a hose

The present invention relates to a method for selectively generating a flow of gas from 5 an open end of a tubular body, such as a hose.

A conventional system for producing a flow of pressurised air comprises a compressor, a pressure tank to which pressurised air is delivered from the compressor. The function of the compressor is controlled in dependency of the pressure in the tank so 10 as to maintain the air pressure in the pressure tank substantially at a desired level. Such conventional system comprises air separators and valves which must be able to close tightly.

The present invention provides a method rendering it possible to selectively generate 15 an air flow in a manner which is much more simple than by using conventional pressurised air systems.

Thus, the present invention provides a method for selectively generating a flow of gas from an open first end of a tubular body, said method comprising connecting a second 20 end of the tubular body directly to a gas outlet of a gas compressor, starting the operation of the compressor so as to start the gas flow, and stopping the gas flow by stopping the operation of the compressor. This method does neither require the use of a pressure tank, water separators, nor pressure tight valves. Furthermore, a gas compressor having a relatively small capacity can be used as long as the 25 compressor is able to deliver the desired gas flow.

Therefore, when a gas flow having a predetermined flow rate is desired, the capacity of the gas compressor may be selected so as to obtain the desired gas flow rate through said open free end of the tubular body.

In the method according to the invention generation of the gas flow may be started and stopped by starting and stopping the gas compressor. This means that when the compressor is driven by an electric motor, the operation of the electric motor and thereby generation of the gas flow may be started and stopped by actuating an

30

WO 99/48613 PCT/DK99/00165

2

electric switch. In order to facilitate operation of the compressor such on/off switch for controlling power supply to the electric motor is advantageously positioned on the tubular body at or adjacent to its open first end.

5 If the open first end which may, for example, be in the form of a nozzle, is unobstructed the gas flow rate will be substantially constant when the gas compressor is operating. However, the tubular body may comprise a wall part being made from a resilient material. If the open first end of the tubular body is then at least partly closed and subsequently reopened while the compressor is still operating, the resilient wall 10 part will be temporarily expanded, whereby a pressure pulse may be generated. This may be helpful in situations where a short, more powerful gas flow is needed.

The open first end of the tubular body may have a valve or a manually operateable obstructing member which may be moved between positions in which the first end of the tubular body is at least partly obstructed and substantially unobstructed, respectively. In the preferred embodiment, however, the wall part defining or being adjacent to the open first end of the tubular body is made from a resilient material. The open first end of the tubular body may then be at least partly closed by compressing said resilient wall part.

20

The first open end may be in the form of or may be connected to a nozzle, and liquid, such as water or an aqueous liquid containing one or more additives may then selectively be introduced into the open first end part of the tubular body or into the nozzle. When a liquid flow is introduced while the gas compressor is inoperative a liquid flow may be generated through the open first end of the tubular body. If liquid is introduced into tubular body when the gas compressor is operating an aerosol flow may be generated.

A flow of gas, liquid or aerosol generated by using the method according to the invention may e.g. be used for blow cleaning any kind of articles, such as electronic articles, and a liquid detergent may then be introduced into the tubular body.

Alternatively, the liquid being introduced into the tubular body or nozzle may be a disinfectant. The flow of gas, such as air, the flow of liquid, such as water, and the

WO 99/48613 PCT/DK99/00165

3

flow of aerosol, which may be generated by the method according to the invention is especially suited for use by dentists for cleaning the teeth of a patient.

The present invention also provides an apparatus for selectively producing a gas flow, said apparatus comprising a gas compressor having a gas inlet and a gas outlet, an electric motor for driving the gas compressor, means for switching the electric motor on and off, and a tubular body having an open first end part and second opposite end part communicating directly with the gas outlet of the compressor, the capacity of the compressor being such that a desired gas flow through the first open end part is obtained when the gas compressor is operating. The apparatus according to the invention is much more simple and more easy maintain than conventional systems for producing pressurised air

The switching means is preferably positioned on the tubular body at or adjacent to the open first end of the tubular body so that an operator who is gripping said open first end part may conveniently operate the switching means. The tubular body may comprise at least one resilient wall part and manually operateable means, such as valve means or other obstruction means, may then be provided for selectively closing the open end of the tubular body at least partly. At least the first end part of the tubular body may be made from a resilient material so that it may be compressed and thereby at least partly closed.

The apparatus according to the invention may further comprise an outer tube section made from a stiff material and surrounding the free first end part of the tubular body.

The manually operateable closing means, such as a pinching device, may then be mounted on this outer tube section. As an example, the switching means may comprise a micro switch embedded in the resilient wall of the free end part of the tubular body. The switching means may then automatically be actuated when the manually operateable means are operated in order to at least partly compress and close the open first end part of the tubular body.

The apparatus according to the invention may further comprise a liquid delivery tube opening into the free end part of the tubular body, and means for selectively delivering liquid into the free end part of the tubular body via the delivery tube. These liquid

WO 99/48613 PCT/DK99/00165

4

delivery means may comprise a liquid pump and an electric motor for driving the pump and the operation of the electric motor driving the pump may be controlled by switch means which are arranged at or adjacent to the first end part of the tubular body. The said first end part of the tubular body or hose, or said outer tube section may be in the form of a nozzle, or the tubular member or hose may be connected to such nozzle. An operator holding the nozzle in his hand may then conveniently control the function of not only the gas compressor, but also of the liquid pump.

The open end of the liquid delivery tube is preferably directed towards the open end of the tubular body so that a liquid jet leaving the liquid delivery tube may pass further through the open end of the tubular body which may, for example, be in the form of a hose of a resilient material.

The invention will now be further described with reference to the drawings, wherein 15 Fig. 1 is a diagrammatic side view of an embodiment of the apparatus according to the invention.

Fig. 2 is a side view in an enlarged scale of a nozzle formed at the free end of a hose forming part of the apparatus shown in Fig. 1,

Fig. 3 is an end view of the nozzle shown in Fig. 2,

20 Figs. 4 and 5 are sectional views illustrating the function of a manually operateable switching and valve device, and

Fig. 6 is a perspective view of a coupling device.

The drawings illustrate an apparatus or unit for selectively generating a flow of air or gas, a flow of water or another liquid, or both. Such apparatus is suited for use by dentists for cleaning and treating the teeth of a patient.

The apparatus shown in Fig. 1 comprises a piston compressor 10 comprising a suitable number of cylinders. In the present case four cylinders are arranged on either 30 side of a common crank shaft. The shaft of a brushless DC electric motor 11 is connected to the crank shaft, e.g. by means of a coupling device as that described in a Danish patent application (filed at the same time as the present application, our ref. 21121DK1). The manifold tubes 12 of the compressor are connected to a hose 13 having a nozzle 14 formed at its free end. A liquid pump 15 is driven by an electric

WO 99/48613 PCT/DK99/00165

motor 16 which may correspond to the electric motor 11, and the outlet of the pump 15 is connected to a tube 17 having a free end opening into the free end or nozzle of the hose 13, vide Fig. 2.

The free end of the hose 13 is received in a nozzle tube 18 which may be made from a relatively stiff material, such as metal or plastic, while the hose 13 is preferably made from a resilient, elastic material, such as rubber, silicone or a soft plastic material. The free ends of the hose 13 and of the tube 17 open into the nozzle tube at the free end of the nozzle and as illustrated in Fig. 2. A flexible valve arm or switching arm is mounted on the outer surface of the nozzle tube 18. An obstruction member 20 extends inwardly from the free end of the arm 19 and is positioned oppositely to a cut-out or opening 21 formed in the nozzle tube 18. The free end of the arm 19 also carries a pair of electric switches 22 and 23 for controlling the function of the electric motors 11 and 16, respectively.

15

When the switch 22 is depressed the electric motor 11 is started so that a flow of air or gas through the hose 13 and out from the opening of the nozzle 14 is generated. The air flow may be stopped by the depressing the switch 22 once again so as to stop the electric motor 11 and the compressor 10. Similarly, a flow of water or another liquid may be generated by depressing the switch 23 whereby the electric motor 16 is started. It is also possible to depress the switches 22 and 23 at the same time so as to generate a flow of air and water or another liquid. The rate and force of the flows generated correspond to the capacity of the compressor 10 and the liquid pump 15, respectively.

25

However, in some situations the operator or dentist may want to generate a more forceful flow pulse. This may be obtained by applying an increased force to the switch 22 and/or 23 so as to flex the arm 19 inwardly, whereby the obstruction member is passed through the opening or cut-out 21 and locally pinches the hose 13 as best illustrated in Fig. 4 and 5. When the hose 13 is pinched as illustrated in Fig. 5 and a compressor 10 and/or the pump 15 continue(s) to operate the hose section being upstream of the obstruction member 20 will be elastically expanded. When the operator shortly after releases the switches 22 and/or 23 the arm 19 and the obstruction member 20 return to the starting position shown in Fig. 4. Now the

elastically expanded tube 17 return to its normal position whereby a pressure pulse is generated in the flow of air and/or liquid.

Fig. 6 shows a coupling device 25 for transmission of torque between a pair of
5 substantially aligned shaft ends 26 and 27. The coupling device is in the form of a
tubular member made by a helically wound wire, which may, for example, be made of
metal or plastic. The opposite end parts of the wound tubular member 25 snugly
receive the adjacent shaft ends 26 and 27 therein so that the friction between the
outer peripheral surfaces of the shafts and the inner surface of the tubular coupling
10 device may be sufficient to transmit the necessary torque between the shafts 26 and
27. However, in order to increase the torque which may be transmitted, a free wire
end 28 at one or at each end of the tubular coupling device 25 may be received in a
slot 29 or another recess formed in the shaft 27.

15 The coupling device according to the invention induces a certain flexibility in the torque transmission. Furthermore, the coupling device 25 may be used also when the shaft ends 26 and 27 are not in complete alignment. This means that the coupling device may be inserted between shaft sections in order to allow increased tolerances. Thus, the crankshaft of the small scale piston compressor 10 may be divided into 20 lengths or sections which are interconnected by flexible coupling devices 25.

The apparatus shown in Fig. 1 may be formed as a hand held unit and may replace much more bulky and space consuming conventional pressurized air systems. The apparatus according to the invention may be made portable or may be built into a unit also containing other kinds of dentist tools and apparatuses.

->+49 89 23994465

PCT/DK99/00165

1

CLAIMS

1. A method for selectively generating a flow of gas from a open first end of a tubular body, said 5 method comprising

connecting a second end of the tubular body directly to a gas outlet of a gas compressor, which is a piston compressor having a plurality of cylinders, the capacity of the gas compressor being selected so as to obtain through said open free end of the tubular body a desired gas flow rate being a flow of air used by a dentist for cleaning the teeth of a patient,

- 10 starting the operation of the compressor so as to start the gas flow, and stopping the gas flow by stopping the operation of the compressor.
- 2. A method according to claim 1, wherein the compressor is driven by an electric motor, the operation of the electric motor being started and stopped by actuating a switch positioned on the 15 tubular body at or adjacent to its first open end so as to control power supply to the electric motor.
- 3. A method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the tubular body comprises a wall part being made from a resilient material, the open first end of the tubular body being at least partly closed 20 and subsequently reopened while the compressor is still operating, so as to temporarily expand the resilient wall part, whereby a pressure pulse may be generated.
- 4. A method according to claim 3, wherein the wall part defining the open first end of the tubular body or being adjacent thereto is made from a resilient material, the open first end of the tubular 25 body being at least partly closed by compressing said resilient wall part.

The state of the s

2

- 5. A method according to any of the claims 1-4, wherein liquid is selectively introduced into the open first end part of the tubular body forming a nozzle.
- 6. A method according to claim 5, wherein liquid is introduced into tubular body when the gas 5 compressor is operating.
 - 7. A method according to claim 5, wherein the liquid is sprayed out from the open free end of the tubular body when the gas compressor is not operating.
- 10 8. An apparatus for selectively producing a gas flow, said apparatus comprising a gas compressor which is a piston compressor having a plurality of cylinders and a gas inlet and a gas outlet,

an electric motor for driving the gas compressor, means for switching the electric motor on and off, and

- 15 a tubular body of the type used by dentists for cleaning teeth, said tubular body having an open first end part and a second opposite end part communicating directly with the gas outlet of the compressor, the capacity of the compressor being such that a desired gas flow through the open first end part is obtained when the gas compressor is operating.
- 20 9. An apparatus according to claim 8, wherein the switching means is positioned on the tubular body at or adjacent to the open first end of the tubular body.
- 10. An apparatus according to claim 8 or 9, wherein the tubular body comprises at least one resilient wall part, manually operateable means being provided for 25 selectively closing the open end of the tubular body at least partly.

3

11. An apparatus according to claim 10, wherein at least the first end part of the tubular body is made from a resilient material.

- 12. An apparatus according to claim 11, further comprising an outer tube section made from a 5 stiff material and surrounding the first end part of the tubular body, the manually operateably closing means being mounted on the outer tube section.
- 13. An apparatus according to claims 11 or 12, wherein the switching means comprise a microswitch embedded in the resilient wall of the first end part of the tubular body, the switching 10 means being actuated when the manually operateable means are operated so as to at least partly compress and close the first end part of the tubular body.
- 14. An apparatus according to any of the claims 8-13, further comprising a liquid delivery tube opening into the first end part of the tubular body, and means for selectively delivering liquid into 15 the first end part of the tubular body via the delivery tube.
- 15. An apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the liquid delivery means comprise a liquid pump and an electric motor for driving the pump, the operation of the electric motor driving the pump being controlled by switch means arranged at or adjacent to the first end part of the 20 tubular body.
 - 16. An apparatus according to claim 14 or 15, wherein the open end of the liquid delivery tube is directed towards the open end of the tubular body.
- 25 17. An apparatus according to any of the claims 8-16, wherein the tubular body is in the form of a hose of a resilient material.

CLAIM/21119PC1/KEV/ah/14-02-00

Last printed 14/02/00 9:05

the land that the land the land the

ļņi

15

16-02-2000 ay 16 of Feb 2000, PV&P 33639600

->+49 89 23994465

- 18. An apparatus according to any of the claims 8-17, wherein the electric motor is a brushless DC-motor.
- 5 19. An apparatus according to any of the claims 8-18, wherein the piston compressor comprises a crank shaft comprising crank sections interconnected with said pistons, adjacent crank sections being flexibly interconnected by a flexible coupling device.
- 20. An apparatus according to claim 19, wherein the coupling device comprises a tubular 10 member formed by a helically wound thread or wire, opposite ends of the tubular members being connected to adjacent, substantially aligned shaft ends of said crank sections.
 - 21. An apparatus according to claim 20, wherein opposite open ends of the tubular member are adapted to receive and surround said respective shaft ends.
 - 22. An apparatus according to claim 21, wherein at least one of the opposite ends of the tubular member is adapted to frictionally engage with the peripheral surface of the respective shaft end.
- 23. An apparatus according to any of the claims 20-22, wherein a free end of the thread or wire 20 extends transversely into at least one of said opposite ends of the tubular member and is received in a slot or recess formed in the corresponding shaft end.

CLAIM/21119PC1/KEV/ah/14-02-00

Last printed 14/02/00 9:05

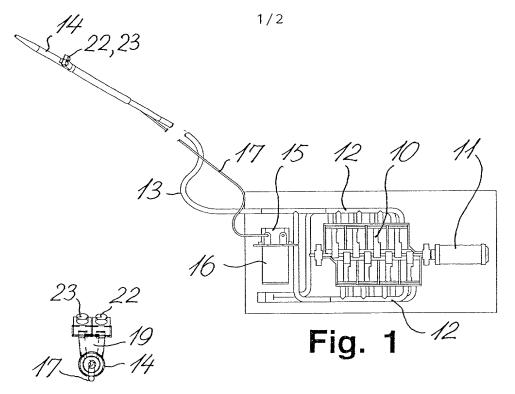
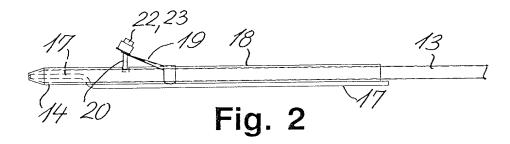
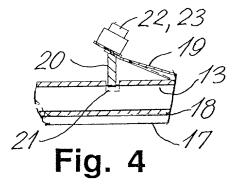
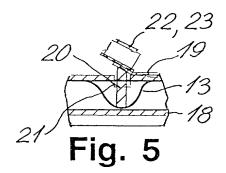
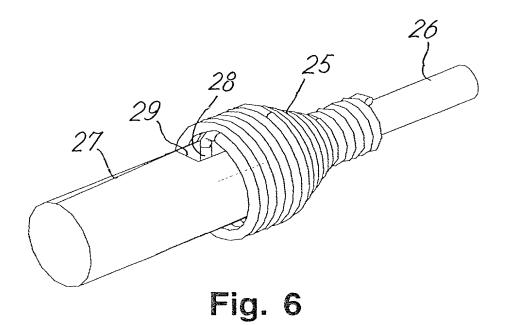


Fig. 3









2/119 US1

Attorney Docket No. 459-479P

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

PLEASE NOTE: YOU MUST COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING

200 m

P.O. Box 747 • Falls Church, Virginia 22040-0747 Telephone: (703) 205-8000 • Facsimile: (703) 205-8050

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT AND DESIGN APPLICATIONS

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that: my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name; that I verily believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one inventor is named below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

Insert Title:	A METHOD FOR SI	ELECTIVELY GENI	ERATING A FLOW OF GA	<u>AS FROM AN OPEN EN</u>	ND OF A TUBULAR BODY, SUC	H AS A HOSE
Fill in Appropriate Information -	the specification of w	which is attached here n was filed on	to. If not attached hereto,			as
For Use Without Specification	and amended or	.ppncanon Number _ n			(if applica	ble) and/or
Attached:	the specification	n was filed on March				as PCT
		pplication Number <u>Po</u> PCT Article 19 on	CT/DK99/00165		(if:	_; and was applicable)
	I hereby state the	hat I have reviewed			specification, including the claims	, as amended by
	any amendment refer I acknowledge to the post known a	the duty to disclose in	nformation which is materia	d to patentability as defin	ned in Title 37, Code of Federal Reg s of America before my or our inve	gulations, §1.56.
	patented or described that the same was no	l in any printed publi t in public use or on	cation in any country before sale in the United States of	e my or our invention the America more than one	ereof or more than one year prior to year prior to this application, that t	this application, he invention has
in all the second	States of America on	an application filed	by me or my legal represer	ntative or assigns more th	his application in any country forei than twelve months (six months for	designs) prior to
generalization	this application, and States of America pri	that no application f	or patent or inventor's certification or my legal represer	ificate on this invention intatives or assigns, except	has been filed in any country forei t as follows.	gn to the United
	I hereby claim	foreign priority bene: w and have also iden	fits under Title 35, United S tified below any foreign ap	States Code, §119(a)-(d)	of any foreign application(s) for par ventor's certificate having a filing de	tent or inventor's ate before that of
Insert Priority	Prior Foreign App	lication(s)			Priority	y Claimed
Information:	0428/98	<u>Denmark</u>		March 25, 1998		
(if appropriate)	(Number)	(Country)		(Month/Day/Year F	Filed) Yes	No
	<u> </u>					Ü
· .	(Number)	(Country)		(Month/Day/Year I	Filed) Yes	No
	Q1 1 X	(Country)		(Month/Day/Year I	Filed) Yes	□ No
	(Number)	(Country)		(Wollan Day Teal T		
	(Number)	(Country)		(Month/Day/Year I		No
	I hereby claim the be	enefit under Title 35,	United States Code, §119(e	e) of any United States pr	ovisional applications(s) listed belo	w.
Insert Provisional Application(s): (if any)	(Application Numbe	r)		(Filing Date)		
	(Application Numbe	er)		(Filing Date)		
	All Foreign Applica Date of This Applica		Patent or Inventor's Certifi	icate Filed More than 12	Months (6 Months for Designs) P	rior to the Filing
	Country		Application Number	Dat	te of Filing (Month/Day/Year)	
Insert Requested Information: (if appropriate)						
	the subject matter of provided by the firs patentability as defi	of each of the claims t paragraph of Title 3 ned in Title 37, Code	s of this application is not 35. United States Code 81	disclosed in the prior C	d/or PCT application(s) listed belo Inited States and/or PCT application duty to disclose information which lable between the filing date of the	is material to the
Insert Prior U.S. Application(s): (if any)	(Application Number	er)	(Filing Date)	(Sta	atus - patented, pending, abandoned)
Page 1 of 2	(Application Number	er)	(Filing Date)	(St	atus - patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and/or an international application based on this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith and in connection with the resulting patent based on instructions received from the entity who first sent the application papers to the attorneys identified below, unless the inventor(s) or assignee provides said attorneys with a written notice to the contrary:

Raymond C. Stewart	(Reg. No. 21,066)	Terrell C. Birch	(Reg. No. 19,382)
3			(Reg. 110. 10,000)
Joseph A. Kolasch	(Reg. No. 22,463)	James M. Slattery	(Reg. No. 28,380)
Bernard L. Sweeney	(Reg. No. 24,448)	Michael K. Mutter	(Reg. No. 29,680).
Charles Gorenstein	(Reg. No. 29,271)	Gerald M. Murphy, Jr.	(Reg. No. 28,977)
Leonard R. Svensson	(Reg. No. 30,330).	Terry L. Clark	(Reg. No. 32,644)
Andrew D. Meikle	(Reg. No. 32,868)	Marc S. Weiner	(Reg. No. 32,181)
Joe McKinney Muncy	(Reg. No. 32,334)	Donald J. Daley	(Reg. No. 34.313)
John W. Bailey	(Reg. No. 32,881)	John A. Castellano	(Reg. No. 35,094)
Gary D. Yacura	(Reg. No. 35.416)		

Send Correspondence to:

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

or Customer No. 2292

P.O. Box 747 • Falls Church, Virginia 22040-0747

Telephone: (703) 205-8000 • Facsimile: (703) 205-8050

PLEASE NOTE:
YOU MUST
COMPLETE
THE
FOLLOWING:

sert Post Office Address

Full Name of Second Inventor, if any see above

> Full Name of Third Inventor, if any see above

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

GIVEN NAME/FAMILY NAME	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE	>	DATE*		
John REIPUR		7	OCT. 6, 2000		
Residence (City, State & Country)		CITIZENSHIP	•		
Klampenborg DENMARK ()		Danish			
POST OFFICE ADDRESS (Complete Street Address	s including City, State & Country)				
Fabritius Alle 17, DK-2930 Klampenborg DENMAR	K				
GIVEN NAME/FAMILY NAME	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE		DATE*		
Residence (City, State & Country)		CITIZENSHIP			
POST OFFICE ADDRESS (Complete Street Address	s including City, State & Country)	1			
			İ		
	L DIFFERENCE CLOSE ATTITLE		DATE*		
GIVEN NAME/FAMILY NAME	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE		DAIL		
		CITIZENSHIP			
Residence (City, State & Country)		CITIZENSHIP			
POST OFFICE ADDRESS (Complete Street Address including City, State & Country)					
CHARLES CONTRACT TO TAKE	DE TENERODIO GLONIA TUDE		DATE*		
GIVEN NAME/FAMILY NAME	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE		DATE		
GIVEN NAME/FAMILY NAME	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE		DATE		
	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE	CITIZENSHIF			
Residence (City, State & Country)	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE	CITIZENSHIF			
Residence (City, State & Country)		CITIZENSHIF			
		CITIZENSHIF			
Residence (City, State & Country)		CITIZENSHIP			

Page 2 of 2 (Rev. 04/08/2000)

Full Name of Fourth Inventor, if any see above

*DATE OF SIGNATURE